

Transit Technology Review, Evaluation and Acquisition Plan



BATA Board Presentation

February 11, 2021

Why develop a Technology Road Map?

- Fulfilling Millage Promises: Adding new user-friendly technology is one of the top improvements the community asked for as part of BATA's last millage approval in 2017.
- Aging Technology: BATA's technology has started to become antiquated and is having trouble meeting the current needs of the community and positioning to adapt to future growth.
- Timeline and Budget and Integration: Acquiring new technology takes planning and establishing a 5-year road map helps prioritize and provide direction to meet BATA's technology goals. Selecting technologies that integrate and allow future growth with a new facility on the horizon.



Agenda

- Purpose / Objectives
- Project Methodology
- Current State
- Priority Projects and Benefits
- Future Projects
- Next Steps

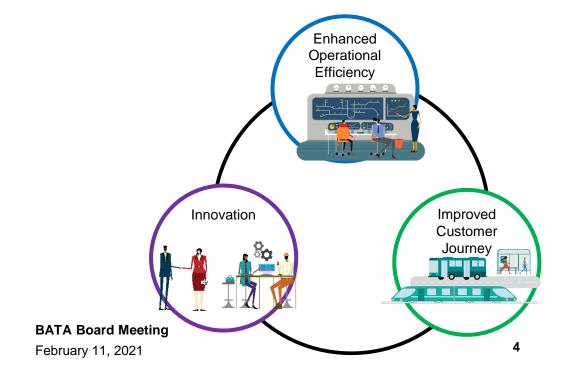


Purpose / Objectives

Why: Technology is a means to help **Operations Staff** perform their roles more efficiently, as well as to improve the **customer experience**

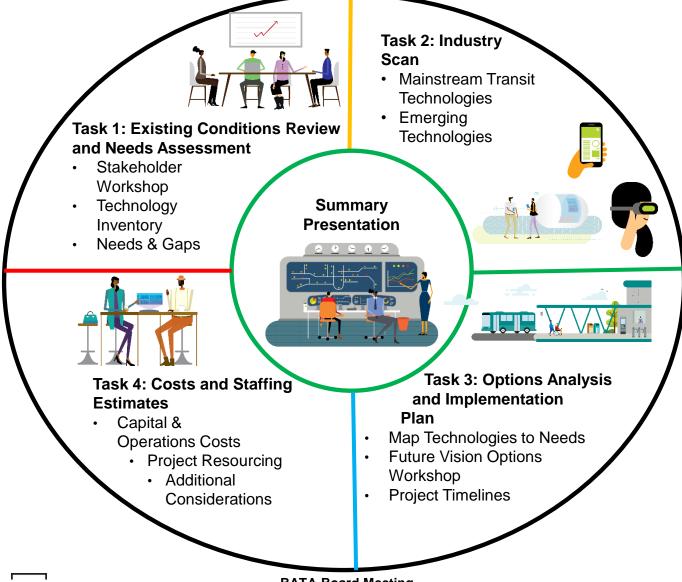
Objectives:

- Present: Understand how technology today is used to perform different business functions.
- Future: Present to stakeholders how technology could change based on future business functions needs.
- Innovation: Brainstorm with stakeholders on future innovations.





Project Methodology

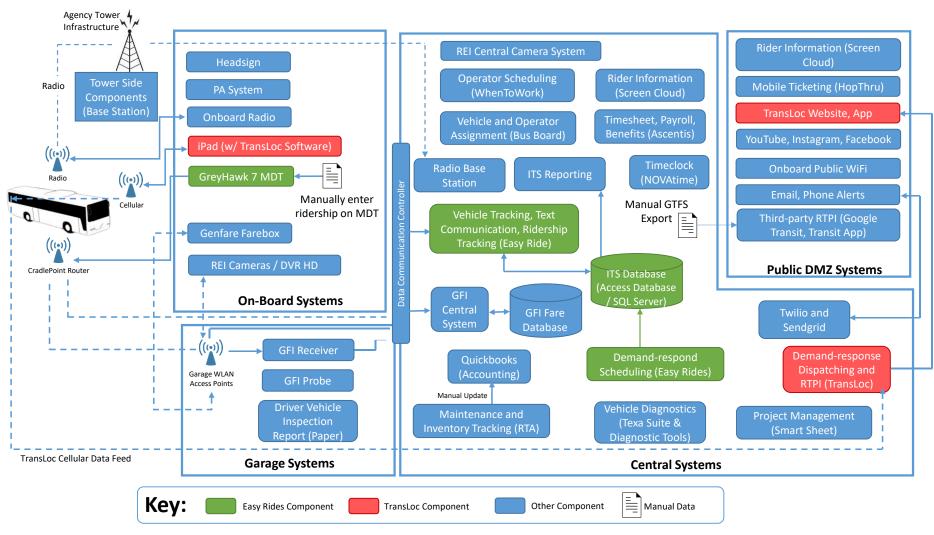




IBI

Existing State

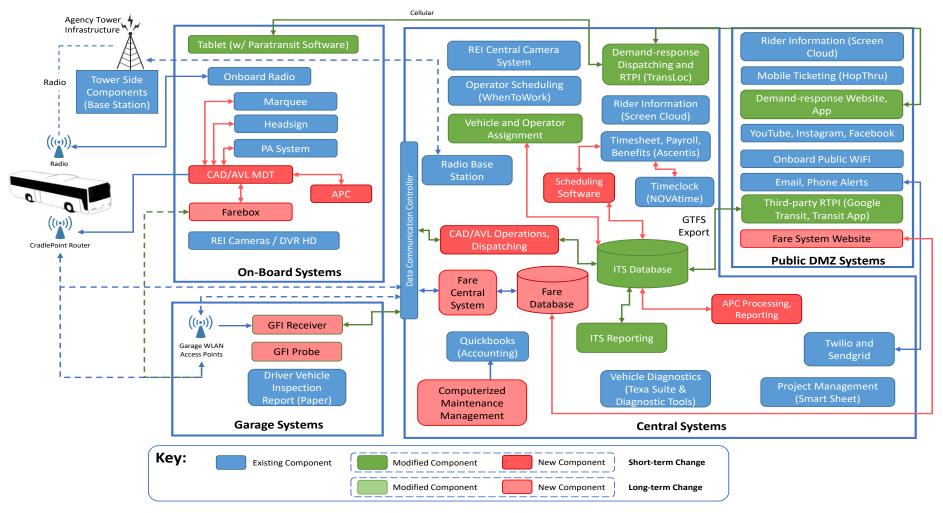
High-level Current-state Transit Technology Roadmap





Proposed Future Projects

High-level Future-state Transit Technology Roadmap: Modified and New Systems





- Project A: Fixed Route CAD/AVL (Computer Aided Dispatch and Automotive Vehicle Location)
 - BATA's current system is rudimentary and provides basic functionality. Features like real-time tracking, fixed route integration and enhanced functionality can be incorporated into BATA's current on-board system.
 - Ridership reporting data is rudimentary and time consuming to compile.
 - Benefits:
 - Install new on-board computer or tablet with user-friendly functionality that will be the central point of interface and control between central systems and on-board components.
 - Improved data and voice communications between on-board and central systems.
 - Turn by turn navigation instructions and graphical detour and service disruption information.
 - Provide real-time vehicle tracking information to staff and customers and supply realtime data information to third parties for the development of arrival time predictions.
 - Enhanced reporting capabilities include NTD reporting which is required if BATA receives the "Small Urban" transit system designation.
 - Additional capabilities include: Visual on-board signage to show next stop information, Audio Automated Vehicle Announcements (AVA) and more.



- Project B: Demand Response / On-Demand / Specialized Paratransit CAD/AVL (Computer Aided Dispatch and Automotive Vehicle Location)
 - BATA's current demand-response scheduling software has reached the end of its useful life. It does not provide the functionality to expand into on-demand transportation or provide growth for paratransit service.
 - Reporting is rudimentary and delayed.
 - The TransLoc Link On-Demand pilot has shown what a fully functional technology solution can do in terms of efficiency, data and functionality.
 - Benefits:
 - Real-time vehicle tracking.
 - Vehicle routing (scheduling) in real time.
 - Service provider management and paratransit capabilities.
 - Online and app booking functionality.



- Project C: Automated Planning & Scheduling System (NOTE: Project C may be able to be integrated into Projects A & B depending on the vendor).
 - BATA currently has no fixed route planning or scheduling software solution.
 - Routes are developed manually and involve multiple processes.
 - Benefits:
 - Route design software for stops, stations, timing points, and other location data.
 - Improves payroll process (integrated planned work time, via interface with payroll system). Can also help automate scheduling and bid management.
 - Automated generation of GTFS files with automatic schedule updates to Transit App, Google Maps and Apple Maps.
 - Enhanced data functionality that can build on census and other data for future route planning and adjustments.



Project D: Automatic Passenger Counting System

- BATA currently tracks ridership and passenger traffic manually.
- Current process for tracking ridership is time consuming, adds another driver function and delays real-time ridership data collection.

- Benefits:
- Provides consistent up to date ridership data.
- Reduces manual work to collect ridership data.
- Supports NTD reporting.



Project E: Fare System (Farebox & Central Fare System Replacement)

- BATA's current fare system is reaching the end of its useful life and will eventually not be supported by the current vendor.
- The current fare software is old and difficult to navigate and program allowing for liming reporting and functionality.
- Maintenance and repair of the mechanical fare box components is time consuming and can interrupt service delivery.
- Benefits:
- Reduced required maintenance.
- Better data reporting.
- Automated farebox issue logging.
- Self-serve reload web-portal for riders to purchase fare or renew fare passes.
- Supporting all fare types on-board.



- Project F: Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS)
 - BATA has a basic maintenance tracking and management system that functions but could more to improve efficiency and connectivity.
 - Benefits:
 - Mileage and fuel use tracking.
 - Inventory tracking and automatic purchase order generation.
 - User-friendly system allowing for in-field use for management of in-service dispatch and robust reporting capabilities.
 - Asset/facilities management.
 - Integrated maintenance and finance management for purchase order processing.



Project G: Fleet Yard Asset Management

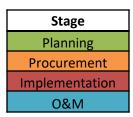
- BATA has a basic manual fleet tracking system for vehicle management, but it can be hard to find and navigate the vehicle resources needed for daily operation.
- Driver vehicle inspections are currently done manually using paper forms.
- In the new HQ facility buses will be parked indoors in a lane formation, which will make timing and tracking of vehicle assets even more essential.
- Benefits:
- Support tracking of all BATA assets.
- Supports Transit Asset Management (TAM) reporting.
- Provides data to optimize maintenance operations and maximize vehicle availability.
- Automated vehicle inspection reports will create a lean digital process to retain required maintenance documents.
- Schedule periodic maintenance, create and process work orders and track warrant.
- Yard management.
- Track parts inventories using technologies such as barcode enabled workstations.



Proposed Future Projects

Project Recommendations - Timelines

		Yea1 (2021)			Year 2 (2022)			Year 3 (2023)			Year 4 (2024)			Year 5 (2025)			Year 6 (2026)							
Projects	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Project A: Fixed Route CAD/AVL																								
Project B: Demand Response CAD/AVL																								
Project C: Automated Planning & Scheduling System																								
Project D: Automatic Passenger Counter																								
Project E: Fare System (Farebox & Central System Replacement)																								
Project F: CMMS																								
Project G: Asset Management																								



NOTE: Years represented are calendar based – not fiscal based.



Proposed Future Projects

Project Recommendations – Improvement Areas & Costs

Project / Capital Expense Item	Improves Operations	Improves Customer Experience	2021 Expense	2022 Expense	2023 Expense	2024 Expense	2025 Expense	Total Budget (5 years)
Project A: Fixed Route CAD/AVL	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	\$2,579,150					
Project B: Demand Response CAD/AVL	\checkmark	V	\$284,000					
Project C: Automated Planning & Scheduling System	V			\$300,000				
Project D: Automatic Passenger Counter	V				\$228,000			
Project E: Fare System (Farebox & Central System Replacement)	V	$\sqrt{}$				\$1,350,000		
Project F: CMMS	$\sqrt{}$						\$450,000	
Project G: Asset Management	V						\$150,000	
Total Expense			\$ 2,863,150	\$300,000	\$228,000	\$1,350,000	\$600,000	\$5,341,150

 All project capital expenses are conservative estimates and include full system features and functionality. Project costs can be potentially lowered by adjusting project scope and through a competitive bidding RFP process.



Technology Funding Secured

Technolog	y Funding	Plan -	02.09.21
------------------	-----------	--------	----------

	2021 Secured	2022	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	
Funding Source	<u>Funding</u>	<u>Funding</u>	<u>Funding</u>	<u>Funding</u>	<u>Funding</u>	<u>Total</u>
FTA - IMI Technology Grant	\$302,624					\$302,624
MDOT Rural Task Force & Small						
Urban Funds	\$263,159					\$263,159
Future RTF / Small Urban Funds		\$131,840	\$105,625	\$142,698	\$56,250	\$436,413
Operating Surplus / Capital Funds /						
Additional CARES ACT Funds						\$0
Total Funding	\$565,783	\$131,840	\$105,625	\$142,698	\$56,250	\$1,002,196

- Additional funding needed to complete Projects A & B is potentially \$2.3 million.
- Funding recommendation will be developed by Finance Oversight Team and be brought to the full board for consideration.



Next Steps

- Q&A
- Plan to take action based on the Finance Oversight Team recommendation at the Feb. 25, 2021 BATA Board meeting.

